
UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended **June 30, 2017**

OR

- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File No. **000-26408**

Wayside Technology Group, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

13-3136104
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

4 Industrial Way West, Suite 300, Eatontown, New Jersey 07724
(Address of principal executive offices)

(732) 389-8950
Registrant's Telephone Number

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Check One:

Large Accelerated Filer

Accelerated Filer

Smaller Reporting Company

Non-Accelerated Filer

Emerging Growth Company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

There were 4,503,788 outstanding shares of common stock, par value \$.01 per share, ("Common Stock") as of August 3, 2017, not including 780,712 shares classified as treasury stock.

PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Wayside Technology Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Amounts in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	<u>June 30,</u> <u>2017</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2016</u>
	<u>(Unaudited)</u>	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,729	\$ 13,524
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$2,751 and \$2,293, respectively	63,010	83,317
Inventory, net	2,349	2,324
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,212	948
Total current assets	<u>76,300</u>	<u>100,113</u>
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net	1,993	1,937
Accounts receivable-long-term	11,969	11,119
Other assets	214	113
Deferred income taxes	444	416
	<u>\$ 90,920</u>	<u>\$ 113,698</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 53,543	\$ 76,087
Total current liabilities	53,543	76,087
Commitments and Contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Common Stock, \$.01 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; 5,284,500 shares issued; 4,513,205 and 4,555,434 shares outstanding, respectively	53	53
Additional paid-in capital	29,944	30,683
Treasury stock, at cost, 771,295 and 729,066 shares, respectively	(12,963)	(12,029)
Retained earnings	21,568	20,515
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,225)	(1,611)
Total stockholders' equity	<u>37,377</u>	<u>37,611</u>
	<u>\$ 90,920</u>	<u>\$ 113,698</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Wayside Technology Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings
(Unaudited)
(Amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	Six months ended June 30,		Three months ended June 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net sales	\$ 215,778	\$ 198,580	\$ 102,982	\$ 105,257
Cost of sales	202,447	185,628	96,410	98,257
Gross profit	13,331	12,952	6,572	7,000
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	9,810	9,216	4,842	4,756
Income from operations	3,521	3,736	1,730	2,244
Other income:				
Interest, net	321	125	173	61
Foreign currency transaction loss	(50)	(3)	(50)	(3)
Income before provision for income taxes	3,792	3,858	1,853	2,302
Provision for income taxes	1,200	1,303	578	775
Net income	<u>\$ 2,592</u>	<u>\$ 2,555</u>	<u>\$ 1,275</u>	<u>\$ 1,527</u>
Income per common share-Basic	<u>\$ 0.60</u>	<u>\$ 0.56</u>	<u>\$ 0.30</u>	<u>\$ 0.34</u>
Income per common share-Diluted	<u>\$ 0.60</u>	<u>\$ 0.56</u>	<u>\$ 0.30</u>	<u>\$ 0.34</u>
Weighted average common shares outstanding — Basic	<u>4,314</u>	<u>4,545</u>	<u>4,285</u>	<u>4,524</u>
Weighted average common shares outstanding — Diluted	<u>4,337</u>	<u>4,557</u>	<u>4,315</u>	<u>4,535</u>
Dividends paid per common share	<u>\$ 0.34</u>	<u>\$ 0.34</u>	<u>\$ 0.17</u>	<u>\$ 0.17</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Wayside Technology Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
(Unaudited)
(Amounts in thousands)

	<u>Six months ended</u>		<u>Three months ended</u>	
	<u>June 30,</u>		<u>June 30,</u>	
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Net income	\$ 2,592	\$ 2,555	\$ 1,275	\$ 1,527
Other comprehensive income , net of tax:				
Foreign currency translation adjustment	386	70	254	(53)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	386	70	254	(53)
Comprehensive income	<u>\$ 2,978</u>	<u>\$ 2,625</u>	<u>\$ 1,529</u>	<u>\$ 1,474</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Wayside Technology Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity
(Unaudited)
(Amounts in thousands, except share amounts)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Treasury		Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (loss) income	Total
	Shares	Amount		Shares	Amount			
Balance at January 1, 2017	5,284,500	\$ 53	\$ 30,683	729,066	\$ (12,029)	\$ 20,515	\$ (1,611)	\$ 37,611
Net income	—	—	—	—	—	2,592	—	2,592
Translation adjustment	—	—	—	—	—	—	386	386
Dividends paid	—	—	—	—	—	(1,539)	—	(1,539)
Share-based compensation expense	—	—	703	—	—	—	—	703
Restricted stock grants (net of forfeitures)	—	—	(1,442)	(87,040)	1,442	—	—	—
Treasury shares repurchased	—	—	—	129,269	(2,376)	—	—	(2,376)
Balance at June 30, 2017	<u>5,284,500</u>	<u>\$ 53</u>	<u>\$ 29,944</u>	<u>771,295</u>	<u>\$ (12,963)</u>	<u>\$ 21,568</u>	<u>\$ (1,225)</u>	<u>\$ 37,377</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Wayside Technology Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)
(Amounts in thousands)

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2017	2016
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 2,592	\$ 2,555
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	233	108
Deferred income tax (benefit) expense	(28)	33
Share-based compensation expense	703	839
(Benefit) provision for doubtful accounts receivable	(54)	—
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	19,769	(985)
Inventory	(20)	(165)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(259)	(276)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(22,660)	2,610
Other assets	(104)	(50)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>172</u>	<u>4,669</u>
Cash flows used in investing activities		
Purchase of equipment and leasehold improvements	(285)	(210)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(285)</u>	<u>(210)</u>
Cash flows used in financing activities		
Purchase of treasury stock	(2,376)	(1,959)
Tax benefit from share-based compensation	—	78
Dividends paid	(1,539)	(1,621)
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(3,915)</u>	<u>(3,502)</u>
Effect of foreign exchange rate on cash	233	(204)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(3,795)	753
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	13,524	23,823
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 9,729</u>	<u>\$ 24,576</u>
Supplementary disclosure of cash flow information:		
Income taxes paid	<u>\$ 1,359</u>	<u>\$ 1,207</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Wayside Technology Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
June 30, 2017
(Amounts in tables in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

1. Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Wayside Technology Group, Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company"), have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 8-03 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, the financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete audited financial statements.

The preparation of these condensed consolidated financial statements requires the Company to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, the Company evaluates its estimates, including those related to product returns, bad debts, inventories, intangible assets, income taxes, stock-based compensation, and contingencies and litigation. The Company bases its estimates on its historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. In the opinion of the Company's management, all adjustments that are of a normal recurring nature, considered necessary for fair presentation, have been included in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements. The Company's actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The unaudited condensed consolidated statements of earnings for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities Exchange Commission for the year ended December 31, 2016.

2. Significant Accounting Policies:

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued guidance for revenue recognition for contracts, superseding the previous revenue recognition requirements, along with most existing industry-specific guidance. The guidance requires an entity to review contracts in five steps: 1) identify the contract, 2) identify performance obligations, 3) determine the transaction price, 4) allocate the transaction price, and 5) recognize revenue. The new standard will result in enhanced disclosures regarding the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue arising from contracts with customers. Entities are allowed to transition to the new standard by either recasting prior periods or recognizing the cumulative effect as of the beginning of the period of adoption. The standard and related amendments will be effective for the Company for its annual reporting period beginning January 1, 2018, including interim periods within that reporting period. The Company is in the process of developing its conclusions on several aspects of the standard including principal versus agent considerations, identification of performance obligations, the determination of when control of goods and services transfers to the Company's customer, which transition approach will be applied and the estimated impact it will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In July 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-11, "Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory (Topic 330)", ("ASU 2015-11"). Topic 330, Inventory, currently requires an entity to measure inventory at the lower of cost or market, with market value represented by replacement cost, net realizable value or net realizable value less a normal profit margin. The amendments in ASU 2015-11 require an entity to measure inventory at the lower of cost or net realizable value. ASU 2015-11 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. We adopted ASU 2015-11 during the quarter ended March 31, 2017 and it did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-09, Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting ("ASU 2016-09"). ASU 2016-09 simplifies several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities and classification on the statement of cash flows. This ASU is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company adopted the provisions of ASU 2016-09 related to the recognition of excess tax benefits in the income statement and classification in the statement of cash flows were

adopted prospectively and the prior periods were not retrospectively adjusted. The Company has elected to account for forfeitures of share-based awards when they occur in determining compensation cost to be recognized each period. The adoption of ASU 2016-09 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases ("ASU 2016-02"). ASU 2016-02 supersedes the lease guidance under FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 840, Leases, resulting in the creation of FASB ASC Topic 842, Leases. ASU 2016-02 requires a lessee to recognize in the statement of financial position a liability to make lease payments and a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating leases with classification affecting the pattern of expenses recognition in the statement of earnings. This ASU is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently assessing the potential impact of adopting ASU 2016-02 on its consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326) ("ASU No. 2016-13"). ASU No. 2016-13 revises the methodology for measuring credit losses on financial instruments and the timing of when such losses are recorded. ASU No. 2016-13 is effective for the Company in the first quarter of 2020, with early adoption permitted, and is to be applied using a modified retrospective approach. The Company is currently evaluating the potential effects of adopting the provisions of ASU No. 2016-13 on its consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows ("ASU 2016-15") ASU 2016-15 which reduces diversity in practice in how certain transactions are classified in the statement of cash flows. The new standard will become effective for the Company beginning with the first quarter of 2018, with early adoption permitted. The adoption of this guidance will not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In October 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-16, *"Income Taxes (Topic 740): Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory."* This amendment is intended to improve accounting for the income tax consequences of intra-entity transfers of assets other than inventory. In accordance with this guidance, an entity should recognize the income tax consequences of an intra-entity transfer of an asset other than inventory when the transfer occurs. The ASU is effective for the Company beginning in fiscal 2019. Early adoption is permitted in fiscal 2018 with modified retrospective application. The Company is continuing to evaluate the impact of the adoption of this guidance on its consolidated financial statements.

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-09, "Scope of Modification Accounting", to reduce diversity in practice and provide clarity regarding existing guidance in ASC 718, "Stock Compensation". The amendments in this updated guidance clarify that an entity should apply modification accounting in response to a change in the terms and conditions of an entity's share-based payment awards unless three newly specified criteria are met. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early adoption is permitted. The Company has evaluated the potential impacts of this updated guidance, and it does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

3. **Foreign Currency Translation:**

Assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign subsidiaries have been translated at current exchange rates, and related sales and expenses have been translated at average rates of exchange in effect during the period. The sales from our foreign operations for the first six months of 2017 were \$23.6 million as compared to \$20.9 million in the first six months of 2016. The sales from our foreign operations for the second quarter of 2017 were \$10.9 million as compared to \$11.4 million in the second quarter of 2016.

4. **Comprehensive Income:**

Cumulative translation adjustments have been classified within accumulated other comprehensive loss, which is a separate component of stockholders' equity in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 220, "Comprehensive Income."

5. Revenue Recognition:

Revenue on product (software and hardware) and maintenance and subscription agreement sales are recognized once four criteria are met: (1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, (2) the price is fixed and determinable, (3) delivery (software and hardware) or fulfillment (maintenance and subscription) has occurred, and (4) there is reasonable assurance of collection of the sales proceeds. Revenues from the sales of hardware products, software products and licenses, maintenance and subscription agreements are generally recognized on a gross basis upon delivery or fulfillment with the selling price to the customer recorded as sales and the acquisition cost of the product recorded as cost of sales.

Product delivery to customers occur in a variety of ways, including (i) as physical product shipped from the Company's warehouse, (ii) via drop-shipment by the vendor, or (iii) via electronic delivery for software licenses. The Company leverages drop-ship arrangements with many of its vendors and suppliers to deliver products to customers without having to physically hold the inventory at its warehouse, thereby increasing efficiency and reducing costs. The Company generally recognizes revenue for drop-ship arrangements on a gross basis. Furthermore, in such drop-ship arrangements, the Company negotiates price with the customer, pays the supplier directly for the product shipped and bears credit risk of collecting payment from its customers. Maintenance and subscription agreements allow customers to access software and obtain technical support directly from the software publisher and to upgrade, at no additional cost, to the latest technology if new applications are introduced by the software publisher during the period that the maintenance and subscription agreement is in effect. The Company generally serves as the principal with the customer and, therefore, recognizes the sale and cost of sale of the product upon receiving notification from the supplier that the product has shipped or the contract with respect to maintenance and subscription agreements has been fulfilled as the Company has no future performance obligation.

Sales are recorded net of discounts, rebates, and returns. Vendor rebates and price protection are recorded when earned as a reduction to cost of sales or merchandise inventory, as applicable.

Cooperative reimbursements from vendors, which are earned and available, are recorded in the period the related advertising expenditure is incurred. Cooperative reimbursements are recorded as a reduction of cost of sales in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 605-50 "*Accounting by a Customer (including reseller) for Certain Consideration Received from a Vendor.*"

Provisions for doubtful accounts including long-term accounts receivable and returns are estimated based on historical write offs sales returns and credit memo analysis which are adjusted to actual on a periodic basis.

Accounts receivable-long-term result from product sales with extended payment terms that are discounted to their present values at the prevailing market rates at the time of the sale. In subsequent periods, the accounts receivable are increased to the amounts due and payable by the customers through the accretion of interest income on the unpaid accounts receivable due in future years. The amounts due under these long-term accounts receivable due within one year are reclassified to the current portion of accounts receivable and are shown net of reserves.

6. Fair Value:

The carrying amounts of financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximated fair value at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 because of the relative short maturity of these instruments. The Company's accounts receivable long-term is discounted to their present value at prevailing market rates so the balances approximate fair value.

7. **Balance Sheet Detail:**

Equipment and leasehold improvements consist of the following:

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Equipment	\$ 1,921	\$ 1,638
Leasehold improvements	1,326	1,317
	<u>3,247</u>	<u>2,955</u>
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(1,254)	(1,018)
	<u>\$ 1,993</u>	<u>\$ 1,937</u>

For the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company recorded depreciation and amortization expense of \$0.2 million and \$0.1 million respectively, which is included in the Company’s general and administrative expense.

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consist of the following

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Trade accounts payable	\$ 49,820	\$ 72,093
Accrued expenses	<u>3,723</u>	<u>3,994</u>
	<u>\$ 53,543</u>	<u>\$ 76,087</u>

8. **Credit Facility:**

On January 4, 2013, the Company entered into a \$10,000,000 revolving credit facility (the “Credit Facility”) with Citibank, N.A. (“Citibank”) pursuant to a Business Loan Agreement (the “Loan Agreement”), Promissory Note (the “Note”), Commercial Security Agreements (the “Security Agreements”) and Commercial Pledge Agreement (the “Pledge Agreement”). The Credit Facility matures on January 31, 2019, at which time the Company must pay this loan in one payment of any outstanding principal plus all accrued unpaid interest. The interest rate for any borrowings under the Credit Facility is subject to change from time to time based on the changes in an independent index which is the LIBOR Rate (the “Index”). If the Index becomes unavailable during the term of this loan, Citibank may designate a substitute index after notifying the Company. Interest on the unpaid principal balance of the Note will be calculated using a rate of 1.500 percentage points over the Index. The Credit Facility is secured by the assets of the Company.

Among other affirmative covenants set forth in the Loan Agreement, the Company must maintain (i) a ratio of Total Liabilities to Tangible Net Worth (each as defined in the Loan Agreement) of not greater than 2.50 to 1.00, to be tested quarterly and (ii) a minimum Debt Service Coverage Ratio (as defined in the Loan Agreement) of 2.00 to 1.00. Additionally, the Loan Agreement contains negative covenants related to, among other items, prohibitions against the creation of certain liens, engaging in any business activities substantially different than those currently engaged in by the Company, and paying dividends on the Company’s stock other than (i) dividends payable in its stock and (ii) cash dividends in amounts and frequency consistent with past practice, without first securing the written consent of Citibank. The Company is in compliance with all covenants at June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2017, the Company had no borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility.

9. **Earnings Per Share:**

Basic Earnings Per Share (“EPS”) is calculated by dividing net income attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of shares of Common Stock outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing net income attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding, adjusted for potentially dilutive securities including unexercised stock option grants and nonvested shares of restricted stock.

A reconciliation of the numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted per share computations follows:

	Six months ended June 30,		Three months ended June 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Numerator:				
Net income	\$ 2,592	\$ 2,555	\$ 1,275	\$ 1,527
Denominator:				
Weighted average shares (Basic)	4,314	4,545	4,285	4,524
Dilutive effect of outstanding options and nonvested shares of restricted stock	23	12	30	11
Weighted average shares including assumed conversions (Diluted)	4,337	4,557	4,315	4,535
Basic net income per share	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.56	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.34
Diluted net income per share	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.56	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.34

10. **Major Customers and Vendors:**

The Company had two major vendors that accounted for 26.6% and 14.1%, respectively, of total purchases during the six months ended June 30, 2017, and 22.0% and 14.9% of total purchases for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The Company had two major vendors that accounted for 23.9% and 10.0%, respectively, of total purchases during the six months ended June 30, 2016, and 17.4% and 10.2% of total purchases for the three months ended June 30, 2016. The Company had two major customers that accounted for 21.6% and 19.7%, respectively, of its total net sales during the six months ended June 30, 2017, and 21.5%, and 17.4% of total net sales for the three months ended June 30, 2017. These same customers accounted for 9.2% and 22.8%, respectively, of total net accounts receivable as of June 30, 2017. The Company had two major customers that accounted for 18.9% and 17.9%, respectively, of its total net sales during the six months ended June 30, 2016, and 17.5%, and 14.7% of total net sales for the three months ended June 30, 2016.

11. **Income Tax:**

The Company and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, and in various state and foreign jurisdictions. The Company has identified its federal consolidated tax return and its state tax return in New Jersey and its Canadian tax return as major tax jurisdictions. The Company's policy is to recognize interest related to unrecognized tax benefits as interest expense and penalties as operating expenses. The Company believes that it has appropriate support for the income tax positions it takes and expects to take on its tax returns, and that its accruals for tax liabilities are adequate for all open years based on an assessment of many factors including past experience and interpretations of tax law applied to the facts of each matter.

The effective tax rate for the six and three months ended June 30, 2017 was 31.7% and 31.2%, respectively, compared to 33.7% for the same periods last year.

12. **Stockholders' Equity and Stock Based Compensation:**

The 2012 Stock-Based Compensation Plan (the "2012 Plan") authorizes the grant of Stock Options, Stock Units, Stock Appreciation Rights, Restricted Stock, Deferred Stock, Stock Bonuses and other equity-based awards. The total number of shares of Common Stock initially available for award under the 2012 Plan was 600,000. As of June 30, 2017, the number of shares of Common stock available for future award grants to employees and directors under the 2012 Plan is 223,188.

During 2012, the Company granted a total of 92,000 shares of Restricted Stock to officers, directors, and employees. These shares of Restricted Stock vest over 20 equal quarterly installments. A total of 3,525 shares of Restricted Stock were forfeited as a result of employees terminating employment with the Company.

During 2013, the Company granted a total of 56,500 shares of Restricted Stock to officers and employees. Included in these grants were 40,000 Restricted Shares granted to the Company's CEO in accordance with the satisfaction of certain performance criteria included in his compensation plan. These 40,000 Restricted Shares vest over

16 equal quarterly installments. The remaining grants of Restricted Stock vest over 20 equal quarterly installments. A total of 775 shares of Restricted Stock were forfeited as a result of employees terminating employment with the Company.

During 2014, the Company granted a total of 98,689 shares of Restricted Stock to officers, directors and employees. These shares of Restricted Stock vest between one and twenty equal quarterly installments. A total of 34,487 shares of Restricted Stock were forfeited as a result of officers and employees terminating employment with the Company.

During 2015, the Company granted a total of 44,000 shares of Restricted Stock to officers. These shares of Restricted Stock vest over sixteen equal quarterly installments. In 2015, a total of 4,465 shares of Restricted Stock were forfeited as a result of officers and employees terminating employment with the Company.

During 2016, the Company granted a total of 171,252 shares of Restricted Stock to officers, directors, and employees. These shares of Restricted Stock vest between one and twenty equal quarterly installments. A total of 7,167 shares of Restricted Stock were forfeited as a result of officers and employees terminating employment with the Company.

During 2017, the Company granted a total of 87,076 shares of Restricted Stock to officers and employees. These shares of Restricted Stock vest between eight and twenty equal quarterly installments. A total of 36 shares of Restricted Stock were forfeited as a result of employees terminating employment with the Company.

A summary of nonvested shares of Restricted Stock awards outstanding under the Company's the 2012 Plan as of June 30, 2017, and changes during the three months then ended is as follows:

	Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested shares at January 1, 2017	186,081	\$ 15.58
Granted in 2017	87,076	18.25
Vested in 2017	(46,623)	15.08
Forfeited in 2017	(36)	15.40
Nonvested shares at June 30, 2017	226,498	\$ 15.86

As of June 30, 2017, there is approximately \$3.6 million of total unrecognized compensation costs related to nonvested share-based compensation arrangements. The unrecognized compensation cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.2 years.

For the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company recognized share-based compensation cost of \$0.7million and \$0.8 million respectively, which is included in the Company's general and administrative expense.

13. Segment Information:

FASB ASC Topic 280, "Segment Reporting," requires that public companies report profits and losses and certain other information on their "reportable operating segments" in their annual and interim financial statements. The internal organization used by the public company's Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) to assess performance and allocate resources determines the basis for reportable operating segments. The Company's CODM is the Chief Executive Officer.

The Company is organized into two reportable operating segments. The "Lifeboat Distribution" segment distributes technical software to corporate resellers, value added resellers (VARs), consultants and systems integrators worldwide. The "TechXtend" segment is a value-added reseller of software, hardware and services for corporations, government organizations and academic institutions in the United States and Canada.

As permitted by FASB ASC Topic 280, the Company has utilized the aggregation criteria in combining its operations in Canada with the domestic segments as the Canadian operations provide the same products and services to similar clients and are considered together when the Company's CODM decides how to allocate resources.

Segment income is based on segment revenue less the respective segment's cost of revenues as well as segment direct costs (including such items as payroll costs and payroll related costs, such as profit sharing, incentive awards and insurance) and excluding general and administrative expenses not attributed to an individual segment business unit. The Company only identifies accounts receivable and inventory by segment as shown below as "Selected Assets" by segment; it does not allocate its other assets, including capital expenditures by segment.

The following segment reporting information of the Company is provided:

	Six months ended June 30,		Three months ended June 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenue:				
Lifeboat Distribution	\$ 200,157	\$ 175,999	\$ 95,674	\$ 89,659
TechXtend	15,621	22,581	7,308	15,598
	<u>215,778</u>	<u>198,580</u>	<u>102,982</u>	<u>105,257</u>
Gross Profit:				
Lifeboat Distribution	\$ 11,455	\$ 10,699	\$ 5,612	\$ 5,547
TechXtend	1,876	2,253	960	1,453
	<u>13,331</u>	<u>12,952</u>	<u>6,572</u>	<u>7,000</u>
Direct Costs:				
Lifeboat Distribution	\$ 4,276	\$ 3,596	\$ 2,171	\$ 1,778
TechXtend	889	1,062	417	558
	<u>5,165</u>	<u>4,658</u>	<u>2,588</u>	<u>2,336</u>
Segment Income Before Taxes:				
Lifeboat Distribution	\$ 7,179	\$ 7,103	\$ 3,441	\$ 3,769
TechXtend	987	1,191	543	895
Segment Income Before Taxes	<u>8,166</u>	<u>8,294</u>	<u>3,984</u>	<u>4,664</u>
General and administrative	\$ 4,645	\$ 4,558	\$ 2,254	\$ 2,420
Interest income	321	125	173	61
Foreign currency translation	(50)	(3)	(50)	(3)
Income before taxes	<u>\$ 3,792</u>	<u>\$ 3,858</u>	<u>\$ 1,853</u>	<u>\$ 2,302</u>
Selected Assets By Segment:				
Lifeboat Distribution			As of June 30, 2017	As of December 31, 2016
			\$ 52,396	\$ 64,558
TechXtend			24,932	32,202
Segment Select Assets			<u>77,328</u>	<u>96,760</u>
Corporate Assets			13,592	16,938
Total Assets			<u>\$ 90,920</u>	<u>\$ 113,698</u>

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contains, in addition to historical information, forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of risk and uncertainties, including those set forth under the heading "Forward Looking Statements" and elsewhere in this report and those set forth in "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included in this report and the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in our 2016 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Overview

We distribute software and hardware developed by others through resellers indirectly to customers worldwide. We also resell computer software and hardware developed by others and provide technical services directly to customers in the USA and Canada. In addition, we operate a sales branch in Europe to serve our customers in this region of the world. We offer an extensive line of products from leading publishers of software and tools for virtualization/cloud computing, security, networking, storage and infrastructure management, application lifecycle management and other technically sophisticated domains as well as computer hardware. We market these products through creative marketing communications, including our web sites, local and on-line seminars, webinars, social media, direct e-mail, and printed materials.

The Company is organized into two reportable operating segments. The "Lifeboat Distribution" segment distributes technical software to corporate resellers, value added resellers (VARs), consultants and systems integrators worldwide. The "TechXtend" segment is a value-added reseller of software, hardware and services for corporations, government organizations and academic institutions in the USA and Canada.

Factors Influencing Our Financial Results

We derive the majority of our net sales through the sale of third party software licenses, maintenance and service agreements. In our Lifeboat distribution segment, sales are impacted by the number of product lines we distribute, and sales penetration of those products into the reseller channel. In our TechXtend segment sales are generally driven by sales force effectiveness and success in providing superior customer service, competitive pricing, and flexible payment solutions to our customers. Our sales are also impacted by external factors such as levels of IT spending and customer demand for products we distribute.

We sell in a competitive environment where gross product margins have historically declined due to competition and changes in product mix towards products where no delivery of a physical product is required. To date, we have been able to implement cost efficiencies such as the use of drop shipments, electronic ordering ("EDI") and other capabilities to be able to operate our business profitably as gross margins have declined.

Selling general and administrative expenses are comprised mainly of employee salaries, commissions and other employee related expenses, facility costs, costs to maintain our IT infrastructure, public company compliance costs and professional fees. We monitor our level of accounts payable, inventory turnover and accounts receivable turnover which are measures of how efficiently we utilize capital in our business.

The Company's sales, gross profit and results of operations have fluctuated and are expected to continue to fluctuate on a quarterly basis as a result of a number of factors, including but not limited to: the condition of the software industry in general, shifts in demand for software products, pricing, level of extended payment terms sales transactions, industry shipments of new software products or upgrades, fluctuations in merchandise returns, adverse weather conditions that affect response, distribution or shipping, shifts in the timing of holidays and changes in the Company's product offerings. The Company's operating expenditures are based on sales forecasts. If sales do not meet expectations in any given quarter, operating results may be materially adversely affected.

Dividend Policy and Share Repurchase Program. Historically we have sought to return value to investors through the payment of quarterly dividends and share repurchases. Total dividends paid and shares repurchased were

\$0.8 and \$0.7 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2017, respectively, and \$0.8 million and \$1.0 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2016, respectively. The payment of future dividends and share repurchases is at the discretion of our Board of Directors and dependent on results of operations, projected capital requirements and other factors the Board of Directors may find relevant.

Stock Volatility. The technology sector of the United States stock markets is subject to substantial volatility. Numerous conditions which impact the technology sector or the stock market in general or the Company in particular, whether or not such events relate to or reflect upon the Company's operating performance, could adversely affect the market price of the Company's Common Stock. Furthermore, fluctuations in the Company's operating results, announcements regarding litigation, the loss of a significant vendor or customer, increased competition, reduced vendor incentives and trade credit, higher operating expenses, and other developments, could have a significant impact on the market price of our Common Stock.

Forward Looking Statements

This report includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Statements in this report regarding future events or conditions, including but not limited to statements regarding industry prospects and the Company's expected financial position, results of operations, business and financing plans, are forward-looking statements. These statements can be identified by forward-looking words such as "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," and "continue" or similar words.

Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, it can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to have been correct. Substantial risks and uncertainties unknown at this time could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to, the continued acceptance of the Company's distribution channel by vendors and customers, the timely availability and acceptance of new products, product mix, market conditions, competitive pricing pressures, contribution of key vendor relationships and support programs, including vendor rebates and discounts, as well as factors that affect the software industry in general and other factors generally. We strongly urge current and prospective investors to carefully consider the cautionary statements and risk factors contained in this report and our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

The Company operates in a rapidly changing business, and new risk factors emerge from time to time. Management cannot predict every risk factor, nor can it assess the impact, if any, of all such risk factors on the Company's business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those projected in any forward-looking statements.

Accordingly, forward-looking statements should not be relied upon as a prediction of actual results and readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of their dates. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

The statements concerning future sales, future gross profit margin and future selling and administrative expenses are forward looking statements involving certain risks and uncertainties such as availability of products, product mix, pricing pressures, market conditions and other factors, which could result in a fluctuation of sales below recent experience.

Financial Overview

Net sales decreased 2%, or \$2.3 million, to \$103.0 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$105.3 million for the same period in 2016 as growth in our Lifeboat Distribution segment was offset by a decline in TechXtend due to quarterly variability in enterprise account sales. Gross profit decreased 6%, or \$0.4 million, to \$6.6 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$7.0 million in the prior year. Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses increased 2%, or \$0.1 million, to approximately \$4.8 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2017. Net income decreased 16%, or \$0.2 million, to \$1.3 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$1.5 million in the same period last year. Weighted average diluted shares outstanding decreased by 5% from the prior year, primarily due to the Company's shares repurchased. Income per share-diluted decreased 12% to

\$0.30 for the quarter ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$0.34 for the same period in 2016, partially due to lower net income offset by the decrease in weighted average diluted shares outstanding.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Management's discussion and analysis of the Company's financial condition and results of operations are based upon the Company's consolidated financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with US GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires the Company to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Revenues from the sales of hardware products, software products, licenses, maintenance and subscription agreements are generally recognized on a gross basis upon delivery or fulfillment, with the selling price to the customer recorded as sales and the acquisition cost of the product recorded as cost of sales.

On an on-going basis, the Company evaluates its estimates, including those related to product returns, bad debts, inventories, intangible assets, income taxes, stock-based compensation, contingencies and litigation.

The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The Company believes the following critical accounting policies used in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements affect its more significant judgments and estimates.

Allowance for Accounts Receivable

The Company maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers to make required payments. Management determines the estimate of the allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable by considering a number of factors, including: historical experience, aging of the accounts receivable, and specific information obtained by the Company on the financial condition and the current creditworthiness of its customers. If the financial condition of the Company's customers were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required. At the time of sale, we record an estimate for sales returns based on historical experience. If actual sales returns are greater than estimated by management, additional expense may be incurred.

Accounts Receivable – Long Term

The Company's accounts receivable long-term are discounted to their present value at prevailing market rates at the time of sale based on prevailing rates. In doing so, the Company considers competitive market rates and other factors.

Inventory Allowances

The Company writes down its inventory for estimated obsolescence or unmarketable inventory equal to the difference between the cost of inventory and the estimated market value based upon assumptions about future demand and market conditions. If actual market conditions are less favorable than those projected by management, additional inventory write-offs may be required.

Income Taxes

The Company has considered future taxable income and ongoing prudent and feasible tax planning strategies in assessing the need for the valuation allowance related to deferred tax assets. In the event the Company were to determine that it would not be able to realize all or part of its net deferred tax assets in the future, an adjustment to the deferred tax assets would be charged to income in the period such determination was made.

Share-Based Payments

Under the fair value recognition provision, stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. We record the impact of forfeitures when they occur. We review our valuation assumptions periodically and, as a result, we may change our valuation assumptions used to value stock based awards granted in future periods. Such changes may lead to a significant change in the expense we recognize in connection with share-based payments.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued guidance for revenue recognition for contracts, superseding the previous revenue recognition requirements, along with most existing industry-specific guidance. The guidance requires an entity to review contracts in five steps: 1) identify the contract, 2) identify performance obligations, 3) determine the transaction price, 4) allocate the transaction price, and 5) recognize revenue. The new standard will result in enhanced disclosures regarding the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue arising from contracts with customers. Entities are allowed to transition to the new standard by either recasting prior periods or recognizing the cumulative effect as of the beginning of the period of adoption. The standard and related amendments will be effective for the Company for its annual reporting period beginning January 1, 2018, including interim periods within that reporting period. The Company is in the process of developing its conclusions on several aspects of the standard including principal versus agent considerations, identification of performance obligations, the determination of when control of goods and services transfers to the Company's customer, which transition approach will be applied and the estimated impact it will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In July 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-11, "Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory (Topic 330)", ("ASU 2015-11"). Topic 330, Inventory, currently requires an entity to measure inventory at the lower of cost or market, with market value represented by replacement cost, net realizable value or net realizable value less a normal profit margin. The amendments in ASU 2015-11 require an entity to measure inventory at the lower of cost or net realizable value. ASU 2015-11 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. We adopted ASU 2015-11 during the quarter ended March 31, 2017 and it did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-09, Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting ("ASU 2016-09"). ASU 2016-09 simplifies several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities and classification on the statement of cash flows. This ASU is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company adopted the provisions of ASU 2016-09 related to the recognition of excess tax benefits in the income statement and classification in the statement of cash flows were adopted prospectively and the prior periods were not retrospectively adjusted. The Company has elected to account for forfeitures of share-based awards when they occur in determining compensation cost to be recognized each period. The adoption of ASU 2016-09 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases ("ASU 2016-02"). ASU 2016-02 supersedes the lease guidance under FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 840, Leases, resulting in the creation of FASB ASC Topic 842, Leases. ASU 2016-02 requires a lessee to recognize in the statement of financial position a liability to make lease payments and a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating leases with classification affecting the pattern of expenses recognition in the statement of earnings. This ASU is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently assessing the potential impact of adopting ASU 2016-02 on its consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326) ("ASU No. 2016-13"). ASU No. 2016-13 revises the methodology for measuring credit losses on financial instruments and the timing of when such losses are recorded. ASU No. 2016-13 is effective for the Company in the first quarter of 2020, with early adoption permitted, and is to be applied using a modified retrospective approach. The

Company is currently evaluating the potential effects of adopting the provisions of ASU No. 2016-13 on its consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (“ASU 2016-15”) ASU 2016-15 which reduces diversity in practice in how certain transactions are classified in the statement of cash flows. The new standard will become effective for the Company beginning with the first quarter of 2018, with early adoption permitted. The adoption of this guidance will not have a material impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

In October 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-16, “Income Taxes (Topic 740): Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory.” This amendment is intended to improve accounting for the income tax consequences of intra-entity transfers of assets other than inventory. In accordance with this guidance, an entity should recognize the income tax consequences of an intra-entity transfer of an asset other than inventory when the transfer occurs. The ASU is effective for the Company beginning in fiscal 2019. Early adoption is permitted in fiscal 2018 with modified retrospective application. The Company is continuing to evaluate the impact of the adoption of this guidance on its consolidated financial statements.

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-09, “Scope of Modification Accounting”, to reduce diversity in practice and provide clarity regarding existing guidance in ASC 718, “Stock Compensation”. The amendments in this updated guidance clarify that an entity should apply modification accounting in response to a change in the terms and conditions of an entity’s share-based payment awards unless three newly specified criteria are met. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early adoption is permitted. The Company has evaluated the potential impacts of this updated guidance, and it does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth for the periods indicated certain financial information derived from the Company’s unaudited condensed consolidated statements of earnings expressed as a percentage of net sales. This comparison of financial results is not necessarily indicative of future results:

	Six months ended June 30,		Three months ended June 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net sales	100.0 %	100 %	100.0 %	100 %
Cost of sales	93.8	93.5	93.6	93.4
Gross profit	6.2	6.5	6.4	6.6
Selling, general and administrative expenses	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.5
Income from operations	1.6	1.9	1.7	2.1
Other income	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Income before income taxes	1.8	2.0	1.8	2.2
Income tax provision	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.7
Net income	1.2 %	1.3 %	1.2 %	1.5 %

Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2016

Net Sales

Net sales for the quarter ended June 30, 2017 decreased 2%, or \$2.3 million, to \$103.0 million, compared to \$105.3 million for the same period in 2016, as increased net sales in our Lifeboat Distribution segment were offset by decreased TechXtend sales resulting from variability in enterprise sales.

Lifeboat Distribution segment net sales for the quarter ended June 30, 2017 increased \$6.0 million, or 7% to \$95.7 million, compared to \$89.7 million for the same period a year earlier. The increase was primarily due to growth in sales penetration for several of our more significant product lines, as well as the addition of several new product lines. The increases were partially offset by turnover in some vendor and customer accounts due to competitive bid situations.

We operate in a competitive market in which some sales agreements are subject to periodic competitive bidding processes, resulting in fluctuations from year to year based on the outcome.

TechXtend segment net sales decreased \$8.3 million or 53% to \$7.3 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$15.6 million for the prior year. The decrease was primarily due to a large enterprise sale of approximately \$6.6 million recorded in the second quarter of 2016 which affects the comparability of results. Sales in our TechXtend segment may vary significantly from quarter to quarter based on the timing of IT spending decisions by our larger customers.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2017, we relied on two key customers for a total of 38.9% of our revenue. One major customer accounted for 21.5% and the other for 17.4%, respectively, of our total net sales during the three months ended June 30, 2017. These same customers accounted for 9.2% and 22.8%, respectively, of total net accounts receivable as of June 30, 2017.

Gross Profit

Gross profit for the quarter ended June 30, 2017 decreased 6% or \$0.4 million, to \$6.6 million, compared to \$7.0 million for the same period in 2016. Lifeboat Distribution segment gross profit increased 1% to \$5.6 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$5.5 million for the same period in the prior year. TechXtend segment gross profit decreased 34% to \$1.0 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$1.5 million for the same period in the prior year. Gross profit decreased primarily due to lower sales in our TechXtend segment and competitive pressures on gross profit margins as discussed below mitigated by the impact of increased sales in our Lifeboat segment.

Gross profit margin (gross profit as a percentage of net sales) for the quarter ended June 30, 2017 was 6.4% compared to 6.7% for the same period in 2016. Lifeboat Distribution segment gross profit margin was 5.9% for the quarter ended June 30, 2017, compared to 6.2% for the same period in 2016. The decrease in gross profit margin for the Lifeboat Distribution segment was primarily caused by competitive pricing pressure and product mix. We operate in a competitive environment where the trend has been for gross profit margins to decline for the past several years. We attribute some of the decline to an increasing portion of our revenues coming from the sale of licenses, maintenance and service agreements that are not associated with a physical product. While our gross profit margin has declined on these products, we have instituted operational efficiencies such as electronic ordering and distribution through the use of EDI and other automation that increase our productivity and enable us to maintain profitability. TechXtend segment gross profit margin for the quarter ended June 30, 2017 was 13.1% compared to 9.3% for the same period in 2016. The increase in gross profit margin was due to a decrease in sales of large enterprise licenses and related equipment typically carry a lower gross profit margin, and lower incremental selling and administrative costs as a percentage of revenue, than smaller account sales.

Vendor rebates and discounts for the quarter ended June 30, 2017 were \$0.7 million compared to \$0.5 million in the same quarter last year. Vendor rebates are dependent on reaching certain targets set by our vendors. The Company monitors vendor rebate levels, competitive pricing, and gross profit margins carefully. We anticipate that price competition in our market will continue in both of our business segments.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

SG&A expenses for the quarter ended June 30, 2017 increased \$0.1 million or 2% to approximately \$4.8 million. The increase is primarily due to increased employee related expenses (salaries, and commissions) to support our growth. SG&A expenses were 4.7% of net sales for the quarter ended June 30, 2017, and 4.5% for the same period in 2016.

The Company expects that its SG&A expenses, as a percentage of net sales, may vary depending on changes in sales volume, as well as the levels of continuing investments in key growth initiatives. We plan to continue to expand our investment in information technology and marketing, while monitoring SG&A expenses closely.

Income Taxes

For the three months ended June 30, 2017, the Company recorded a provision for income taxes of \$0.6 million or 31.2% of income, compared to \$0.8 million or 33.7% of income for the same period in 2016. The decrease in the

effective tax rate is primarily due to the change in tax effects related to share based payments at settlement (or expiration) through the income statement due to the adoption of ASU 2016-09.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2016

Net Sales

Net sales for the six months ended June 30, 2017 increased 9%, or \$17.2 million, to \$215.8 million, compared to \$198.6 million for the same period in 2016. Net sales increased in our Lifeboat Distribution segment and decreased in our TechXtend segment.

Lifeboat Distribution segment net sales for the six months ended June 30, 2017 increased \$24.2 million, or 14% to \$200.2 million, compared to \$176.0 million for the same period a year earlier. The increase was primarily due to growth in sales penetration for several of our more significant product lines, as well as the addition of several new product lines. The increases were partially offset by turnover in some vendor and customer accounts due to competitive bid situations. We operate in a competitive market in which some sales agreements are subject to periodic competitive bidding processes, resulting in fluctuations from year to year based on the outcome.

TechXtend segment net sales decreased \$7.0 million or 31% to \$15.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$22.6 million for the prior year. The decrease was primarily due to a large enterprise sale of approximately \$6.6 million recorded in the second quarter of 2016 that affects comparability. Large enterprise sales tend to fluctuate from quarter to quarter based on the timing of customer purchasing decisions for IT projects.

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, we relied on two key customers for a total of 41.3% of our revenue. One major customer accounted for 21.6% and the other for 19.7%, respectively, of our total net sales during the three months ended June 30, 2017. These same customers accounted for 9.2% and 22.8%, respectively, of total net accounts receivable as of June 30, 2017.

Gross Profit

Gross profit for the six months ended June 30, 2017 increased 3% or \$0.4 million, to \$13.3 million, compared to \$13.0 million for the same period in 2016. Lifeboat Distribution segment gross profit increased 7% to \$11.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$10.7 million for the same period in the prior year. TechXtend segment gross profit decreased 17% to \$1.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$2.3 million for the same period in the prior year. Gross profit decreased primarily due to lower sales in our TechXtend segment and competitive pressures on gross profit margins as discussed below, mitigated by the impact of increased sales in our Lifeboat segment.

Gross profit margin (gross profit as a percentage of net sales) for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was 6.2% compared to 6.5% for the same period in 2016. Lifeboat Distribution segment gross profit margin was 5.7% for the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to 6.1% for the same period in 2016. The decrease in gross profit margin for the Lifeboat Distribution segment was primarily caused by competitive pricing pressure and product mix. We operate in a competitive environment where the trend has been for gross profit margins to decline for the past several years. We attribute some of the decline to an increasing portion of our revenues being derived from the sale of licenses, maintenance and service agreements that are not associated with a physical product. While our gross profit margin has declined on these products, we have instituted operational efficiencies such as electronic ordering and distribution through the use of EDI and other automation that have increased our productivity and enabled us to maintain profitability. TechXtend segment gross profit margin for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was 12.0% compared to 10.0% for the same period in 2016. The increase in gross profit margin was due to a decrease in larger enterprise and public sector sales. Sales of large enterprise licenses and related equipment typically carry a lower gross profit margin, and lower incremental selling and administrative costs as a percentage of revenue, than smaller account sales.

Vendor rebates and discounts for the six months ended June 30, 2017 were \$1.2 million compared to \$1.0 million in the same quarter last year. Vendor rebates are dependent on reaching certain targets set by our vendors. The Company monitors vendor rebate levels, competitive pricing, and gross profit margins carefully. We anticipate that price competition in our market will continue in both of our business segments.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

SG&A expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2017 increased \$0.6 million or 6% to \$9.8 million, compared to \$9.2 million for the same period in 2016. The increase is primarily due to increased employee related expenses (salaries, and commissions) to support our growth. SG&A expenses were 4.6% of net sales for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and for the same period in 2016.

The Company expects that its SG&A expenses, as a percentage of net sales, may vary depending on changes in sales volume, as well as the levels of continuing investments in key growth initiatives. We plan to continue to expand our investment in information technology and marketing, while monitoring SG&A expenses closely.

Income Taxes

For the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company recorded a provision for income taxes of \$1.2 million or 31.6% of income, compared to \$1.3 million or 33.7% of income for the same period in 2016. The decrease in the effective tax rate is primarily due to the change in tax effects related to share based payments at settlement (or expiration) through the income statement due to the adoption of ASU 2016-09.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$3.8 million to \$9.7 million at June 30, 2017 from \$13.5 million at December 31, 2016. The decrease in cash was primarily due to lower cash from operating activities and related changes in working capital, and increased cash used in financing activities related to stock repurchases and dividends.

Net cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was \$0.2 million, comprised of net income adjusted for non-cash items of \$3.4 million, offset by cash used in changes in operating assets and liabilities of \$3.2 million.

The increase in cash used in changes in operating assets and liabilities in 2017 was primarily due to an increase in net working capital (accounts receivable and inventory, less accounts payable) required to support our business. The increased working capital requirement is primarily driven by increased sales levels and extended payment terms sales during the fourth quarter of 2016. Our accounts receivable – long term increased by approximately \$6.2 million during the fourth quarter of 2016 due to a higher level of extended payment term sales. The products related to these sales were paid for in the first quarter of 2017, while sales proceeds will be collected over future periods.

In the six months ended June 30, 2017, net cash used in investing activities was \$0.3 million, compared to \$0.2 million in the same quarter in prior year.

Net cash used in financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2017 of \$3.9 million was comprised of \$1.5 million of dividend payments on our Common Stock, and \$2.4 million for the stock repurchases.

On January 4, 2013, the Company entered into a \$10,000,000 revolving credit facility (the “Credit Facility”) with Citibank, N.A. (“Citibank”) pursuant to a Business Loan Agreement, Promissory Note (the “Note”), Commercial Security Agreements and Commercial Pledge Agreement (the “Pledge Agreement”). The Credit Facility, which is intended to be used for business and working capital purposes, including financing of larger extended payment terms sales transactions which may become a more significant portion of the Company’s net sales. On December 18, 2015, the Company signed an extension to this agreement, which extended the maturity date to January 31, 2019 with all other terms remaining the same (See Note 8 in the Notes to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements). As of June 30, 2017, there were no borrowings outstanding on the Credit Facility.

We anticipate that our working capital needs will increase as we invest in the growth of our business. We believe that the funds held in cash and cash equivalents and our unused borrowings under our credit facility will be sufficient to fund our working capital and cash requirements for at least the next 12 months. Specifically, in July 2017 we expended approximately \$8.0 million as a prepayment, to a new vendor to be applied against future purchases for this new vendor, in part financed from borrowings under our credit facility

Contractual Obligations as of June 30, 2017 are summarized as follows: (000's)

<u>Payment due by Period</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>1-3 years</u>	<u>4-5 years</u>	<u>After 5 years</u>
Operating Leases obligations (1)	\$ 4,526	\$ 548	\$ 1,339	\$ 831	\$ 1,808
Total Contractual Obligations	\$ 4,526	\$ 548	\$ 1,339	\$ 831	\$ 1,808

(1) Operating leases relate primarily to the leases of the space used for our operations in Eatontown, New Jersey, Mesa Arizona, Mississauga, Canada and Amsterdam, Netherlands. The commitments for operating leases include the minimum rent payments.

As of June 30, 2017, the Company has no borrowings outstanding under lines of credit and no commitments relating to standby letters of credit, and has no standby repurchase obligations or other commercial commitments (see Note 8 in the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements).

Foreign Exchange

The Company's foreign subsidiaries are subject to changes in demand or pricing resulting from fluctuations in currency exchange rates or other factors. We are subject to fluctuations primarily in the Canadian Dollar and the Euro Dollar to-U.S. Dollar exchange rate.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of June 30, 2017, we did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements, as defined in Item 303(a)(4)(ii) of SEC Regulation S-K.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

In addition to its activities in the United States, 11.0% of the Company sales during the six months ended June 30, 2017 were generated by its subsidiaries in Canada and Europe. We are subject to general risks attendant to the conduct of business in Canada and Europe, including economic uncertainties and foreign government regulations. In addition, the Company's international business is subject to changes in demand or pricing resulting from fluctuations in currency exchange rates or other factors. See "Item 2 — Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Results of Operations - Foreign Exchange."

The Company's cash balance is invested in short-term savings accounts with our primary banks, Citibank, and JPMorgan Chase Bank. As such, we believe that the risk of significant changes in the value of our cash invested is minimal.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. As required by Rule 13a-15(b) under the Exchange Act, our management carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's "disclosure controls and procedures", as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, as of the end of the period covered by this report. This evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of various members of our management, including our Company's President, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer), Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer), and Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer (principal accounting officer). Based upon that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Chief Accounting Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective, as of the end of the period covered by this report, to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the

Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by Rule 13a-15(d) under the Exchange Act, that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2017, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 2. - Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The table below sets forth the repurchase of Common Stock by the Company and its affiliated purchasers during the second quarter of 2017.

ISSUER PURCHASE OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid Per Share (2)	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Average Price Paid Per Share (3)	Maximum Number of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (4)(5)(6)
April 1, 2017- April 30, 2017	26,000	\$ 18.77	26,000	\$ 18.77	568,433
May 1, 2017- May 31, 2017	8,254 (1)	\$ 19.65	—	\$ —	568,433
June 1, 2017- June 30, 2017	—	\$ —	—	\$ —	568,433
Total	34,254	\$ 18.98	26,000	\$ 18.77	568,433

- (1) Includes 8,254 shares surrendered to the Company by employees to satisfy individual tax withholding obligations upon vesting of previously issued shares of Restricted Stock. These shares are not included in the Common Stock repurchase program referred to in footnote (4) below.
- (2) Average price paid per share reflects the closing price the Company's Common Stock on the business date the shares were surrendered by the employee stockholder to satisfy individual tax withholding obligations upon vesting of Restricted Stock or the price of the Common Stock paid on the open market purchase, as applicable.
- (3) Average price paid per share reflects the price of the Company's Common Stock purchased on the open market.
- (4) On December 3, 2014, the Board of Directors of the Company approved an increase of 500,000 shares of Common Stock to the number of shares of Common Stock available for repurchase under its repurchase plans. On February 2, 2017, the Board of Directors of the Company approved an increase of 500,000 shares of Common Stock to the number of shares of Common Stock available for repurchase under its repurchase plans. The Company expects to purchase shares of its Common Stock from time to time in the market or otherwise subject to market conditions.
The Common Stock repurchase program does not have an expiration date.
- (5) On July 27, 2016, the Board of Directors of the Company approved, and on September 1, 2016, the Company entered into, a written purchase plan intended to comply with the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "September Plan"). Purchases involving shares of the Company's Common Stock under the September Plan may take place commencing September 1, 2016, and the was in effect until February 28, 2017. Pursuant to the Plan, the Company's broker shall effect purchases of up to an aggregate of 325,000 shares of Common Stock.
- (6) On February 2, 2017, the Board of Directors of the Company approved, and on March 1, 2017, the Company entered into, a written purchase plan intended to comply with the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 under the Securities

Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Plan”). Purchases involving shares of the Company’s Common Stock under the Plan may take place commencing March 1, 2017, and the Plan is intended to be in effect until September 30, 2017. Pursuant to the Plan, the Company’s broker shall effect purchases of up to an aggregate of 600,000 shares of Common Stock.

Item 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibits

- [31.1 Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14\(a\) or Rule 15d-14\(a\) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, of Simon F. Nynens, the Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer \(principal executive officer\) of the Company.](#)
 - [31.2 Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14\(a\) or Rule 15d-14\(a\) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, of Kevin T. Scull, the Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer \(principal accounting officer\) of the Company.](#)
 - [31.3 Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14\(a\) or Rule 15d-14\(a\) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, of Michael Vesey, the Vice President and Chief Financial Officer \(principal financial officer\) of the Company.](#)
 - [32.1 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, of Simon F. Nynens, the Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer \(principal executive officer\) of the Company.](#)
 - [32.2 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, of Kevin T. Scull, the Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer \(principal accounting officer\) of the Company.](#)
 - [32.3 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, of Michael Vesey, the Vice President and Chief Financial Officer \(principal financial officer\) of the Company.](#)
- 101 The following financial information from Wayside Technology Group, Inc.’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2017, filed with the SEC on August 7, 2017, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) includes: (1) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (2) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings, (3) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders’ Equity, (4) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (5) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (6) the Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

WAYSIDE TECHNOLOGY GROUP, INC

8/7/2017

Date

By: /s/ Simon F. Nynens

Simon F. Nynens, Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

8/7/2017

Date

By: /s/ Michael Vesey

Michael Vesey, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

8/7/2017

Date

By: /s/ Kevin T. Scull

Kevin T. Scull, Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION

I, Simon F. Nynens, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Wayside Technology Group, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15(d)-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based upon such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2017

/s/ Simon F. Nynens

Simon F. Nynens
Chairman of the Board
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION

I, Kevin T. Scull, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Wayside Technology Group, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15(d)-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based upon such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2017

/s/ Kevin T. Scull

Kevin T. Scull
Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION

I, Michael Vesey, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Wayside Technology Group, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15(d)-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based upon such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2017

/s/ Michael Vesey

Michael Vesey
Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Wayside Technology Group, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2017 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Simon F. Nynens, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Simon F. Nynens

Simon F. Nynens
Chairman of the Board
President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)
August 7, 2017

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Wayside Technology Group, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2017 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Kevin T. Scull, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Kevin T. Scull

Kevin T. Scull
Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer)
August 5, 2017

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Wayside Technology Group, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2017 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Michael Vesey, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Michael Vesey

Michael Vesey
Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)
August 7, 2017

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.
